

TOWNSHIP 35½ NORTH, RANGE 33 EAST, MDM, NEVADA

CHAINS

The directions of the lines of this survey were determined by azimuth taken from U.S.G.S. triangulation station "ALPHA" located in sec. 13, T. 34 N., R. 32 E. and U.S.C. & G.S. triangulation stations "BONIT" located in sec. 28, T. 34 N., R. 33 E. and "RANCH" located in sec. 32, T. 36 N., R. 34 E. The lines were carried forward by sustained angulation.

The vertical angles of measurements made on the slope were ascertained with a theodolite in good adjustment; the horizontal equivalents only are entered in the field notes.

The geographic position of the southeast corner of the township is at latitude $40^{\circ} 56' 28.1''$ N. and longitude $118^{\circ} 12' 47.6''$ W., (NAD 27), as calculated along section lines from closed traverse ties to U.S.C. & G.S. triangulation station "VENDADO" located in sec. 4, T. 35 N., R. 33 E. and U.S.G.S. triangulation station "VENADO" located in sec. 10, T. 35 N., R. 33 E.

The mean magnetic declination was found to be 16° E.

RESURVEY OF THE SEVENTH STANDARD PARALLEL NORTH,
THROUGH RANGE 33 EAST, MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN, NEVADA

Reestablishment of the Survey Executed by
H. B. Maxson, U.S. Deputy Surveyor,
in 1888
and the Resurvey Executed by
J. R. Munson, Cadastral Surveyor
in 1976.

From the standard cor. of Tps. 36 N., Rs. 33 and 34 E., monumented with an iron post, $2\frac{1}{2}$ ins. diam., firmly set, showing 6 ins. above ground, with brass cap mkd. as described in the field notes of T. 36 N., R. 34 E., executed under Group No. 532.

S. $89^{\circ} 43'$ W., along the S. bdy. of sec. 36.