

TOWNSHIP 35 NORTH, RANGE 32½ EAST, MDM, NEVADA

CHAINS

The directions of the lines of this survey were determined by azimuth taken from U.S.G.S. triangulation station "ALPHA" located in sec. 13, T. 34 N., R. 32 E. and U.S.C. & G.S. triangulation stations "BONIT" located in sec. 27, T. 34 N., R. 33 E. and "RANCH" located in sec. 32, T. 36 N., R. 34 E. The lines were carried forward by sustained angulation.

The vertical angles of measurements made on the slope were ascertained with a theodolite in good adjustment; the horizontal equivalents only are entered in the field notes.

The geographic position of the southeast corner of the township is at latitude $40^{\circ} 51' 22.8''$ N., and longitude $118^{\circ} 18' 49.7''$ W., (NAD 27), as calculated along section lines from closed traverse ties to U.S.C. & G.S. triangulation station "VENADO" located in sec. 10, T. 35 N., R. 33 E.

The mean magnetic declination was found to be 16° E.

RESURVEY OF THE EAST BOUNDARY,
T. 35 N., R. 32 E., MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN, NEVADA

Retracement of the Survey Executed by
H. B. Maxson, U.S. Deputy Surveyor,
in 1888.

The original corners were established for Rs. 32 and 33 E., but now these corners will refer to Rs. 32 and 32½ E.

From the cor. of Tps. 35 N., Rs. 32 and 32½ E., monumented with a stainless steel post, 2½ ins. diam., firmly set showing 4 ins. above ground, with brass cap mkd. as described in the field notes of T. 35 N., R. 32 E., executed concurrently under Group No. 654.

N. $0^{\circ} 03'$ W., bet. secs. 31 and 36.

Over nearly level land, covered with medium greasewood, scattered whitesage and native grass.