

DEPENDENT RESURVEY  
FOURTH STANDARD PARALLEL NORTH, THROUGH RANGE 25 EAST.

Chains

- From the  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor., continue East, with continuous measurement.
- 68.45 The closing cor. of T.20 N., Rs. 25 and 26 E., hereinafter described, bears N., .07 chs. distant.
- 80.09 Fall 10 lks. S. of the standard cor. of T.21 N., Rs. 25 and 26 E., hereinafter described. The bearing of this half mile therefore is N.89°51'E., and the distance is 40.08 chs.

True lines.

The standard cor. of Tps. 20 and 21 N., Rs. 24 and 25 E. as reestablished by J.B. Menardi, U.S. Deputy Surveyor in 1905 is a volcanic stone, 10x20x6 ins. above ground, firmly set, and marked and witnessed as described in the official record;

Standing alongside this cor., is an unidentified cor. monument marked for the Tp. cor., a volcanic stone, 12x12x10 ins. above ground firmly set, and marked SC and 6 grooves on N., and 6 grooves on E. and W. faces. Lying on the ground beside the Tp. cor. is the Tp. cor. established by W. Epler, U. S. Deputy Surveyor in 1868, which is a greatly decayed cottonwood stake, about 3 ins. square and 3 ft. long, and marked with 6 notches on each of the four edges, all other marks on post are worn and illegible. Alongside the Menardi cor.,

Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 3 ins. in dia., 28 ins. in the ground with glass deposited around post, for the standard cor. of Tps. 20 and 21 N., Rs. 24 and 25 E., with brass cap marked

SC

T21N

R24E	R25E
S36	S31

S1 | S6

T20N

1931

raise a mound of stone, 3 ft. base, 2 ft. high, N. of cor.

Thence from cor.;

N.89°59'E., along S. bdy. sec. 31; T.21 N., R.25 E.

Gradually descend E. slope over rolling sand-hills, through medium growth of greasewood, and scattering shadscale undergrowth.

- 4.95 Enter clay flat void of vegetation, 30 ft. below Tp. cor., bears N., S. about 5 chs., then SE.
- 24.90 Leave flat and re-enter sand-hills, bears SW., N. about 3 chs., then nearly E.
- 39.90 The standard  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor. as reestablished by J.B. Menardi, U. S. Deputy Surveyor in 1905, which is a volcanic stone, 10x10x8 ins., lying on the ground, and marked  $\frac{1}{4}$  on one face; alongside this cor. is the  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor. as reestablished by Harris and Nelson, U. S. Surveyors in 1915, an iron post, 1 in. in dia., extending 10 ins.