

SUBDIVISIONS T. 18 N., R. 54 E.

Land, rough mountainous. Soil, rocky.  
 Timber, few juniper. Undergrowth, sagebrush, mahogany.

LATITUDES, DEPARTURES AND CLOSING ERRORS.

Lines designated	True bearings	Dist- ances Chs	LATITUDES		DEPARTURES	
			N Chs	S Chs	E Chs	W Chs
E. boundary	S 0°01'E	235.76		235.76	.07	
"	S 0°27'E	240.15		240.15	1.87	
S. boundary	N89°16'W	245.94	3.18			245.90
"	N87°22'W	159.18	7.31			159.02
W. boundary	North	465.87	465.87			
N. boundary	East	241.51			241.51	
"	S89°55'E	40.37		.06	40.37	
"	S89°53'E	40.09		.08	40.09	
"	S89°52'E	39.81		.09	39.81	
"	S89°44'E	39.87		.18	39.87	
Convergency					.49	
			476.36	476.32	404.08	404.92
			476.32			404.08
Error in latitude.....			.04			
Error in departure.....						.84

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

Practically the entire township is located in a chain of high rugged mountains, the slopes being broken with ledges and rock slides, and in many places precipitous in nature. A limestone formation predominates the greater portion of this area.

The ravines and washes have, almost without exception, steep, rocky sides, and gravelly, boulder-strewn, narrow bottoms. The fall in all the canyons is great. With the exception of sections 5, 6, and 7, the whole township can be classed as rough mountainous.

Scattering stands of pinon pine and juniper timber are found on the slopes, but is of no value, except as firewood.

The predominant types of undergrowth are, sagebrush, shadscale, buckbrush, and mountain mahogany.

Extensive mining operations have been carried on in sections 26 and 35, silver, lead, and arsenic in great quantities having been produced and shipped.

Many springs and streams of running water are in evidence, which serve as watering places for large bands of sheep and small number of cattle that use the ranges.