

SURVEY OF THE RANGE LINE IN T. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ N., BET. Rs. 28 AND 29 EAST.

chains.
 From the cor. of secs, 25, 30, 31 and 36.
 North,
 Over level land thru scattering undergrowth,
 19.41 Intersect the Seventh Standard Parallel North, 10.58
 chs., W. of the Std. cor. of secs. 33 and 34, T. 36 N.
 R. 28 E., previously described.
 At point of intersection,
 Set an iron post, 3 ft. long, 3 ins. diam., 26 ins. in
 the ground, for closing cor. of T. 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ N., Rs. 28 and
 29 E., with brass cap mkd:

T 36 N	R 28 E
S 33	
S 25	S 30
R 28 E	R 29 E
T 35 $\frac{1}{2}$ N	
C C	

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dig pits, 18x18x12 ins., E., W. and S. of cor., 3 ft.
 dist.

Land, level.

Soil, sandy clay, 3rd rate.

Undergrowth, greasewood.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

The Seventh Standard Parallel North through ranges 25 to 28 E., traverses across a barren stretch of land, called the BlackRock Desert. The general drainage is to the SW. On account of the heavy alkali deposit throughout this waste, nothing except high clumpy greasewood brush grows. The soil is of a yellow-white color and of a fine clay substance mixed with fine sand. When wet the surface becomes quickly very soft and owing to the tenacity of of the clay-like soil, travel is very difficult.

The character of the land along the S. Bdy. T. 35 N., R. 30 E. and the E. half of S. Bdy. T. 35 N., R. 29 E., is rough mountainous and very broken. Along this line