

## Chains

and raise a mound of stone, 2 ft. base,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. high S. of corner.

Land; rolling land with a slope to the E.

Soil; rather poor, coarse texture, contains considerable gravel and many loose volcanic rocks. Quite dry, 3rd. rate. Fair growth short sagebrush and shadscale, little grass, no timber.

Oct. 10, 1914.

---

GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

---

The land along this boundary is rolling or undulating with a slope of about  $2^{\circ}$  to  $4^{\circ}$  to the east. To the west lie a range of volcanic mountains and to the east is a flat valley, and this is on the slope between the two.

The soil has been derived from the disintegration of the volcanic rocks, forming this mountain range, and is about a foot in depth, underlaid with a firm, rocky subsoil. It is of a coarse texture, and contains considerable gravel; and very many loose volcanic rock. It is quite dry, and it is extremely improbable that anything could be raised successfully without irrigation, and there does not seem any possible way to irrigate it.

There is a fair growth of short sagebrush and shadscale but not much grass and no timber.

It is not much in the way of a range country, being too dry; and with too scanty vegetation and too many rocks. There are no settlers and no land in cultivation, anywhere near this boundary.

There are no springs or living water near to this boundary.

October 10, 1914.

Winfred A. Pray  
U.S. Surveyor.

---