

Retracement of W. Bdy. of T26N. R35E

Surveyed by Thos A. Haigh.
found to be correct

At the cor. of Tps. 26 and 27N, Rs. 34 and 35E.; latitude $40^{\circ}09'N$, longitude $118^{\circ}06'W$; I set off $40^{\circ}09'N$, on the lat. arc; $17^{\circ}36'N$, on the decl. arc; and at 8^h a.m. l.m.t., I determine a meridian with the solar

Thence I retrace South, bet. secs. 1 and 6, and at 40.54 chs. fall 3.05 chs. W. of $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor., which is a lava rock, $24 \times 14 \times 12$ ins., marked and witnessed as described by the surveyor general; the line bears $34^{\circ}18'E$, and its true length is 40.65 chs., at 39.92 chs. ^{south} from $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. fall 35 lks. W. of cor. of secs. 16, 7, and 12, which is a lava rock, $14 \times 12 \times 10$ ins., marked and witnessed as described by the Surveyor general, the line bears $50^{\circ}30'E$.

May-10-1913

South bet. secs. 7 and 12; and at 40.31 chs., fall 4 lks. W. of $\frac{1}{4}$ cor. of secs. 7 and 12, which is a wooden post $3 \times 4 \times 18$ ins., above ground, marked and witnessed as described by the surveyor general, the line bears $50^{\circ}03'E$; and at 40.01 chs. ^{south} from $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. fall 15 lks. W. of cor. to secs. 7, 12, 13 and 18, which is a lava rock, $10 \times 10 \times 8$ ins., above ground, marked and witnessed as described by the surveyor general, the line bears $50^{\circ}13'E$.

May-10-1913

South bet. secs. 13 and 18, at 40.08 chs., intersect the $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. of secs. 13 and 18; the line bears south, and at 40.34 chs. ^{south} from $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor., fall 11 lks. W. of cor. of secs. 13, 18, 19, and 24, which is a red wood post $3 \times 3 \times 18$ ins., above ground, marked and witnessed as.