

Retracement of the South Boundary of T. 37N, R. 33 E.

Chain. At 7 a.m. l.m.t., I lay off the azimuth of Polaris, $1^{\circ}32'$ to the east, and mark the meridian thus determined, by driving a tack in the peg set Nov. 15, on which the meridian falls .3 ins. W. of the point determined by the solar.

At $8^{\text{h}} 00^{\text{m}}$ a.m. l.m.t., I set off $41^{\circ}1' N.$, on the lat. arc; $18^{\circ}41\frac{1}{2}' S.$ on the decl. arc; and mark a point in the meridian determined with the solar, by a pencil mark on the peg already set 5 hrs. N. of my station; this point falls .1 in. W. of the point determined by the Polaris observation.

The solar apparatus, by p.m. and a.m. observations, defines positions for meridians, respectively about $16''$ east and $5''$ west of the meridian established by the Polaris observations; therefore, I conclude that the adjustments of the instrument are satisfactory.

The magnetic bearing of the true meridian, at $8^{\text{h}} 10^{\text{m}}$ a.m., is N. $18^{\circ}30' W.$; the angle thus determined gives the mag. decl., $18^{\circ}30'E.$

Nov. 16: At $8^{\text{h}} 00^{\text{m}}$ p.m., l.m.t., I set off $41^{\circ}, 7'' N.$ on the lat. arc; $18^{\circ}48'S.$ on the decl. arc; and determine a meridian with the solar at the cor. of T.s. 36 and 37N, R.s. 32 and 33E, as described in Book BB.

Thence I run

East on a retracement, along the S. bdy. of T. 37N, R. 33E., bet. secs. 6 and 31.

38.91 After diligent search, I fail to find any evidence of old $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.

78.91 After diligent search, I fail to find any evidence of old cor. of secs. 5, 6, 31 and 32.

T 36 W R 32 E

Nov. 16, 1912.