

## Subdivision of T. 25 N., R. 32 E.

Chains

$$\left| \frac{1}{4} S 6 \checkmark \right.$$

1912

Dig pits 18 X 18 X 12 ins. N. and S. of post, 3 ft. dist.  
and raise a mound of earth,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  ft. base,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. high,  
E. of cor.

Nov. 14, 1912.

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This township lies mostly on the summit of the S. end of the East range of the Humboldt mountains. The N. two thirds of it is exceptional rough and the summit of the range, which averages about 5500 ft. alt., enters in sec. 2 and extends in a southwesterly direction and leaves the township in sec. 19, The mountainous portion is extremely broken and consists of many spurs and ridges, intersected with numerous gullies, washes and canons. The mountains are mostly of volcanic and eruptive rock except in the NW. portion where a well defined outcropping of granite has broken up through the eruptive matter. In the granite portion, which lies mostly in secs. 4, 5, 8, 9, 17 and 18 there has been much prospecting for mineral and considerable development work done, the surface indications for gold and silver are good. The south two tier of sections are comparatively flat and are approximately 3500 ft. alt., and are at the N. end of what is locally known as the Forty Mile Desert which extends S. to the Carson sink. The soil in this district is sedimentary and sandy and suitable, with irrigation, for cultivation. There is a wagon road across the S. end of the township and the road from Lovelock to Fallon branches off to the SE. in sec. 31. There is very little water in the township, except in the extreme NW. cor., where the Humboldt river, which has been ~~dammed~~ has overflowed, and a small spring