

North Bdy. T.39 N., R. 20 E.,
 Subdivision of T.39 N., R. 20 E.

11.

Chs

West bet. secs. 6 and 31.

Over mountainous land.

Ascend 290 ft. on SE. slope to top of ridge.

40.00

Set an iron post 3 ft. long,
 1 in. in diam., 24 ins. in the ground for $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor.,
 with brass cap mkd:

S 31

$\frac{1}{4}$

S 6

1914

and raise a mound of stone 2 ft. base, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high,
 N. of cor. July 25, 1914.

August 25: From the $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. between secs. 6 and 31,
 above described, I continue my line west.

89.60

Ridge, bears N. and S.; descend 30 ft. on W. slope
 to closing corner.

96.83

Intersect the East Bdy. of Tp. 39 N., R. 19 E., at a
 point 28.95 chs. North of the $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. cor. on the E.
 Bdy. of sec. 1, and at the point of intersection set an
 iron post 3 ft. long, 3 ins. in diam., 12 ins. in the
 ground to bed rock, and in a mound of stone for the closing
 corner of Tps. 39 and 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ N., R. 20 E., with a brass
 cap mkd:

T39N

R19E

T39 $\frac{1}{2}$ N

R20E

S31

CC

S1

S12

S6

T39N

1914

and raise a mound of stone 2 ft. base, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. high,
 E. of cor.

This mile consists of mountainous land with southeasterly
 slope. Soil is very rocky and unfit for cultivation.
 Sparse growth of sage and a very few mahogany trees.

August 25, 1914.

SUBDIVISION OF T.39 N., R. 20 E.

July 18: At my camp in T.39 N., R. 20 E. in section
 16, lat. $41^{\circ}15.5'N.$, long. about $119^{\circ}44'W.$, at 9 h 14 m
 P.M., l.m.t., I observe Polaris in accordance with
 Manual of Instructions, and mark a point
 in the line thus determined on a stake firmly driven in
 the ground about 5 chs. north of my station.

Time of observation, July 18 P.M. 9h 14.0m

Equivalent to A.M. time July 18 21 14.0

U.C. Pol., July 18, Greenwich, 5h 47.9m

Red. to local longitude 1.3

U.C. Pol. at Obsn. station, July 18 5h 46.6m

Hour angle of Polaris at Observation

Subtract from

Time argument for table

Azimuth of Polaris at obsn., $1^{\circ}12.3'E.$ July 18, 1914.

July 19: At 8 h 0 m A.M., l.m.t., I lay off the
 azimuth of Polaris $1^{\circ}12.3'$ to the west, and mark a point
 in the true meridian, thus established, by a tack driven
 in a wooden peg, firmly set in the ground, about 5.00
 chs. N. of my station.

At 9 h 0 m A.M., l.m.t., I set off $41^{\circ}15.5'$ on the
 lat. arc and $20^{\circ}56'N.$ on the decl. arc, and determine with
 the solar meridian, which, I note, differs less
 than 30" from that established by the Polaris observation.
 At this station I set off $20^{\circ}55'N.$ on the decl. arc, and
 at apparent noon observe the sun on the meridian, the re-
 sulting latitude is $41^{\circ}15.5'$.

At 3 h 0 m P.M., I set off $41^{\circ}15.5'$ on the lat. arc,
 and $20^{\circ}54'N.$ on the decl. arc and determine with the solar