

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

T. 41 N., R. 38 E., with the exception of sec. 31, lies in the extreme south end of the Santa Rosa National Forest Reserve. The summit of the Santa Rosa mountains extends across the center of the township from north to south, averging in altitude from 7000 to 8000 ft., consequently the township is exceptional rough and mountainous. The township is well watered, with many creeks and numerous springs of good water. The canons are deep and the spurs and ridges are high and precipitous. The lower spurs are covered with a heavy growth of sage-brush and the higher canons contain scattering cottonwood, willow and pine. The soil is a good clay loam and produces considerable bunch-grass, making the whole excellent grazing lands. The range is well stocked with sheep. The rock is granite outcroppings and slate stone and some lava. Granite ledges and dykes are very prominent in the west central part of the township. There are very few surface indications of mineral deposits. There is a settler, Domingo Lancerica, in sec. 31, engaged in raising apples, and he has an exceptional good orchard of about eight acres. Sotero Zubieta is a settler in sec. 30, and is devoting his time to the raising of alfalfa and sheep.

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