

FIRST STANDARD PARALLEL NORTH, through R.49 $\frac{1}{2}$  E.

## CHAINS

Pits impracticable.

Land, mountainous.

Soil, rocky, 3rd. rate.

Timber, scattering cedar and pinon.

Mountainous land on 80.00 chs.

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West, on S. bdy. of sec. 35.

Descend over rocky and mountainous land.

9.00 Hollow, 150 ft. deep, course SE.

Ascend abruptly through scattering cedar and pinon timber.

Difference between measurement of 40.00 chs., by two sets of chainmen is 14 lks., position of middle point

By 1st. set, 40.07 chs.,

By 2nd. set, 39.93 chs., the mean of which is

40.00 Set a basalt stone, 15x10x4 ins., 10 ins. in the ground, for standard  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. cor., marked S C  $\frac{1}{4}$  on N. face, and raise a mound of stone, 2 ft. base, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. high, N. of cor.

Pits impracticable.

Difference between measurement of 2 sets of chainmen to intersection with the E. bdy. of T. 6 N., R. 49 E., is 12 lks., position of middle point

By 1st. set, 76.24 chs.,

By 2nd. set, 76.12 chs., the mean of which is

76.18 Intersect the E. bdy. of T. 6 N., R. 49 E., 58.20 chs. N. of the standard cor. of Tps. 6 N., Rs. 49 and 50 E., which is a granite stone, 18x10x10 ins. above ground, marked and witnessed as described by the surveyor general.

Set a basalt stone, 15x10x6 ins., 10 ins. in the ground, for standard cor. for T. 6 N., R. 49 $\frac{1}{2}$  E., marked S C 6 N on N., 49 $\frac{1}{2}$  E on E., with 6 grooves on N. and E. faces, and raise a mound of stone, 2 ft. base, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$  ft. high, N. of cor.

Pits impracticable.